Winter Road School Legislative Update-Dan Bahr

WISCONSIN COUNTIES ASSOCIATION

www.wicounties.org



Legislative Composition Post Election 2022

- Assembly: 64 Republicans, 35 Democrats (GOP Control)
- Senate: 21 Republicans, 11 Democrats, 1 Vacancy (GOP Control)
- US Congress
- US Senate: 51 Democrats, 49 Republicans (Democratic Control)
- US House of Representatives: 222 Republicans, 213 Democrats (GOP Control)



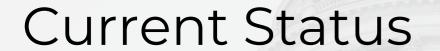


• General Transportation Aids (GTA) are distributed to all counties and municipalities to assist in the maintenance, improvement, and construction of the county trunk highway system

• Payments are divided among all local governments based on either a percentage of eligible highway-related expenditures or a per-mile payment, whichever is greater

 GTA is often used to offset the cost of constructing roads, filling potholes, plowing snow, grading shoulders, marking pavement, and repairing curbs and other transportation services

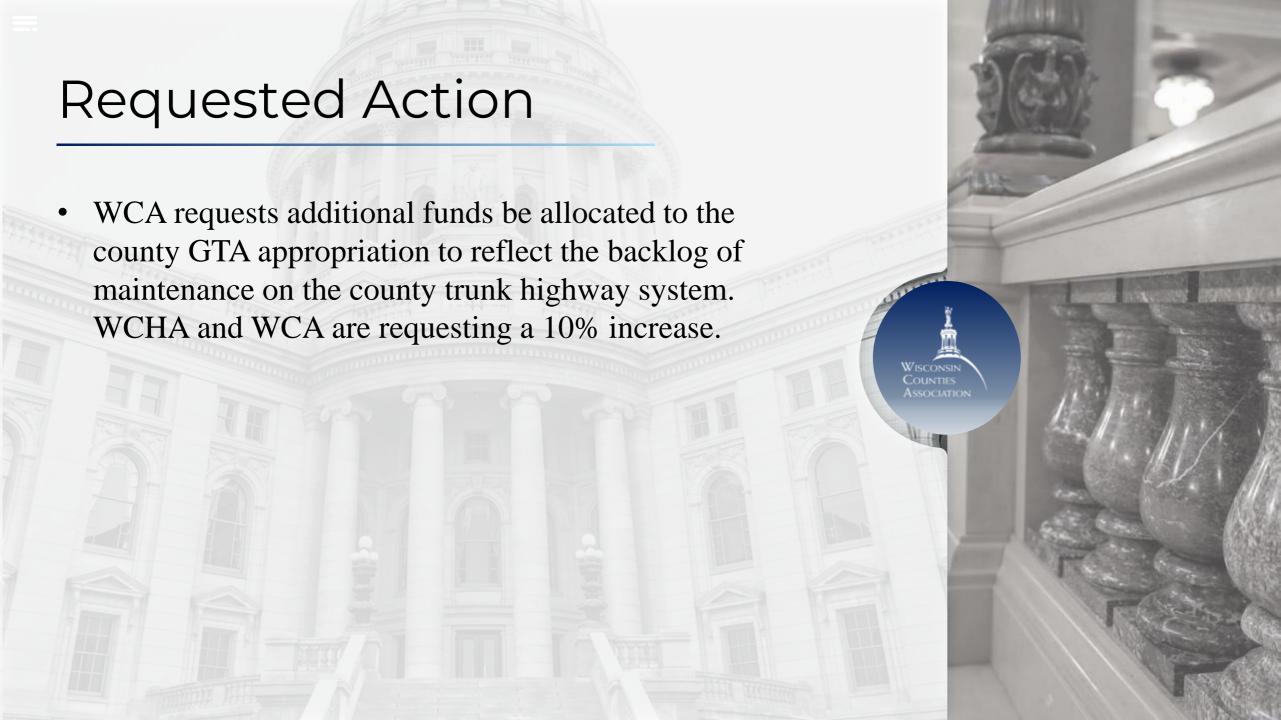




• Counties received an increase in annual GTA payments statewide from \$122.2 million in 2019-21 budget to \$127.1 million in the 2021-23 budget

• Counties will receive the full \$127.1 million in annual GTA distribution payments in 2023







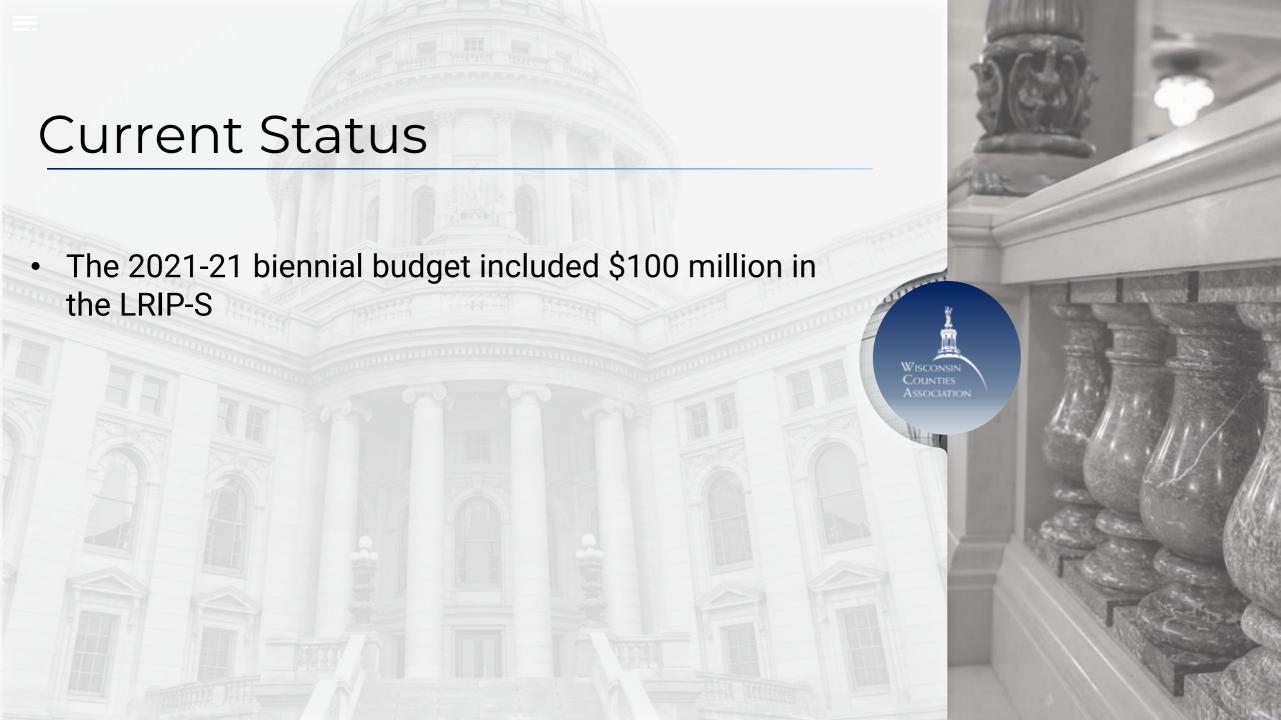
 In the 2019-21 biennial budget, the JCF established the Local Supplemental Transportation Program with a surplus in dollars available to the committee in the state budget

 The initial idea behind this concept was for the program to be a one-time infusion of state surplus revenue to be used to support local "shovel ready projects" as requested by counties, municipalities, and towns



 Following the establishment of the Local Supplemental Transportation Program, the popularity of this program exploded, and Governor Evers appropriated \$100 million for this program in his 2021-23 biennial budget

 After two successful budget cycles, LRIP-S continues to be very popular and has supported local projects all around the state







- Counties serve as the service delivery arm of state government
- As such, Wisconsin counties rely on state support to a greater extent than counties in other states
- Subject to the nation's most strict property tax controls (levy limits), counties have little ability to raise revenue locally

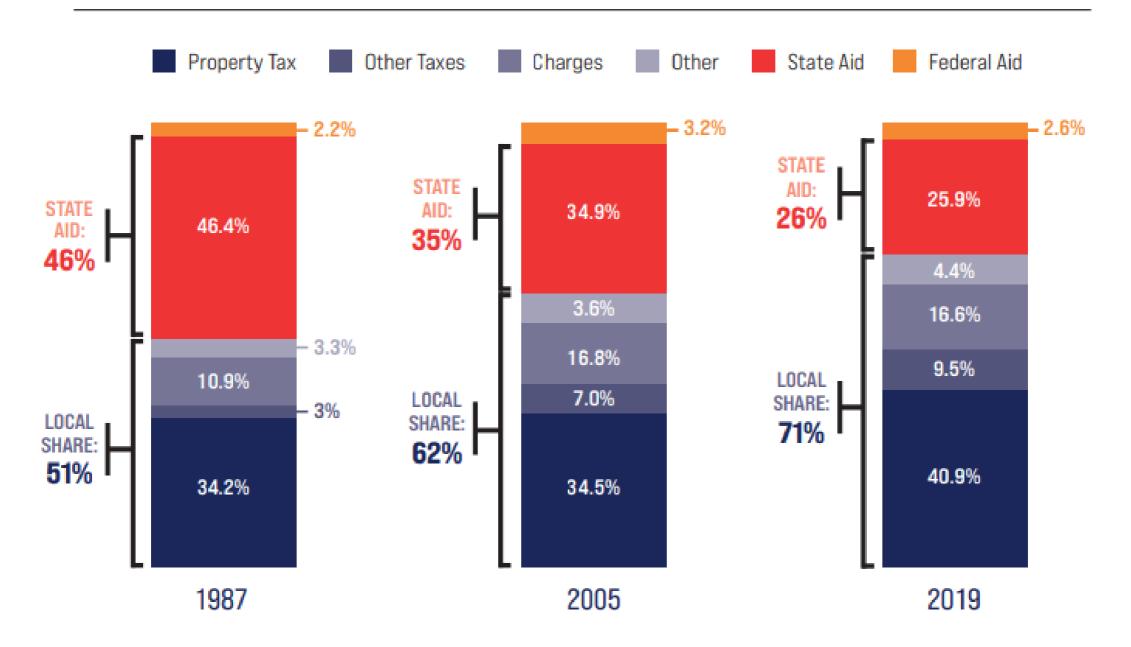


Current Status

- Counties are faced with rising costs due to increased service demands and rising inflation
- Absent new revenues, services will need to be further reduced or eliminated
- County funding challenges have been decades in the making



DECLINE IN STATE SHARE OF COUNTY FUNDING 1987-2019



Requested Action

- Dedicate an amount equal to one penny of the state's five penny sales tax to local governments
- Replace shared revenue and personal property tax with the new funds
- Distribute remaining funds to local governments through a new formula and an incentive fund that encourages local government cooperation and consolidation



Communicating with Your Legislators



Meeting With Your Elected Officials

- Keep it simple
 - Provide key facts
 - It is OK if you do not know the answer to a question
 - Stay on message
 - Describe the problem
 - How does it impact your county?
 - Make the ask
 - Be sure to leave with your legislators and/or staff a copy of the issue papers





